

# OSP-P500

Next-generation CNC



## A next-generation CNC that makes customer manufacturing DX (digital transformation) a reality – Innovation with a digital twin created by a machine tool manufacturer that produces CNC in-house –

### Improved productivity and stable production

As Your Single Source for M-E-I-K (Mechanics - Electronics - IT - Knowledge), Okuma offers this CNC to build an advanced “digital twin” that faithfully reproduces machine control and machining operations and creates new value. In addition, the product helps improve productivity and realize stable production, featuring ease of use that allows customers to use their machining know-how. Additional features are: control technology that achieves high-speed and high-accuracy machining, energy-saving solutions that achieve both high productivity/accuracy and eco-friendliness, and robust security functions to protect against the increasing threat of cyber attacks.

Faithful digital reproduction of machines and processes

Innovative concept of a digital twin

Novice friendly Smart operation

Innovative operability

Realizing high-speed and high-accuracy machining

Innovative machining

Reducing environmental impact

Energy-saving solutions

Increasing cyber resilience

Robust security

Faithful digital reproduction of machines and processing

### Innovative concept of a digital twin

Okuma’s digital twin faithfully simulates a virtual machine, offering control equivalent to that in a real environment, by using the latest machine operation data and 3D models. Through super high-speed and high-accuracy simulation based on the features of Okuma, which is a machine tool manufacturer that produces NC control in-house, the digital twin calculates cycle time, machining shape, and electricity consumption. It supports accurate estimates of cycle time, development of the machining schedule, and quick and accurate estimates of delivery time and costs when an order is received.

Made possible by an office PC and OSP-P500

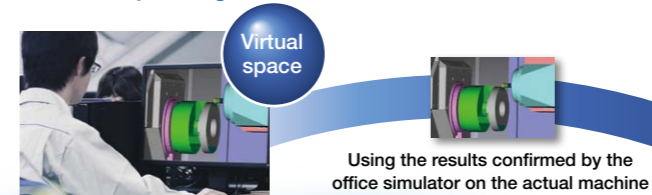
### Two digital twin systems

Simulation using the latest machine operation data can be achieved with an office PC and OSP-P500 installed on the physical machine. This enables preparation for machining in advance in the office environment (front loading). Physical machine preparation time can be reduced by using digital twin preparation results to prepare for machining the next parts while machining continues. When a problem occurs on the shop floor, it can be solved quickly on site without going back to the office.

## “Okuma’s **two** digital twin systems”

### ■ Front loading

Reducing work on the physical machine to increase the operating rate



### Digital Twin On Machine Simulating the CNC of a real machine\*

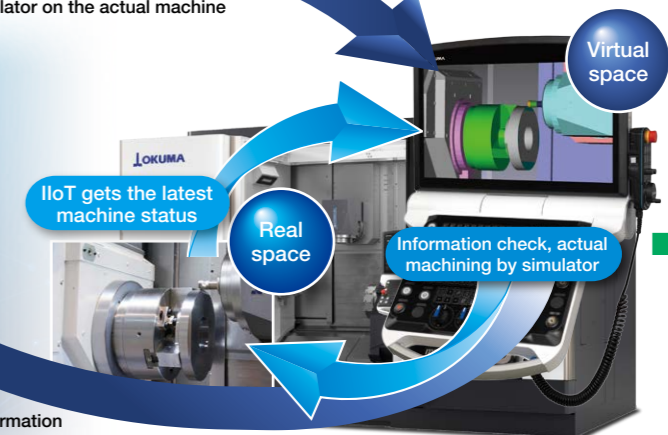
Reproducing real time machine conditions through IIoT virtual reality, to achieve highly accurate machining simulation. Problems that occur on the shop floor can be solved and confirmed through on-site simulation.

### Digital Twin On PC Simulate shop machines in the office

Accurate pre-verification even in the office by using a simulator with the same control as the actual CNC, machine data, and 3D models.

It’s possible to complete the cycle of confirmation and machine improvement in the office in a short time through super high-speed simulation.

Using the latest machine information in the office simulators



■ Verification of setup  
Verifying the setup status in a virtual space on the machine

■ Actual machining

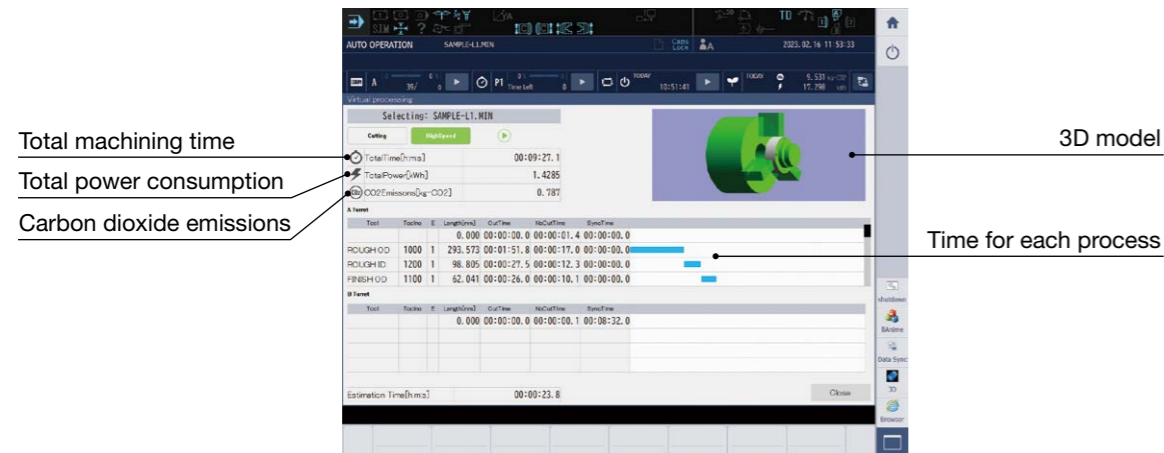
\* The simulator is an OSP-P500 option.

## Highly accurate simulation

Time is estimated accurately to support customer production plans and also solve machining problems quickly in the digital sphere.

### Using the latest machine information to provide instant and accurate time estimates

Time is estimated precisely by considering not only axis movements but also peripheral units such as auto tool changers, and collecting real drive data on physical machine movements to give feedback to the virtual machine. In addition, power consumption and carbon dioxide emissions are displayed.

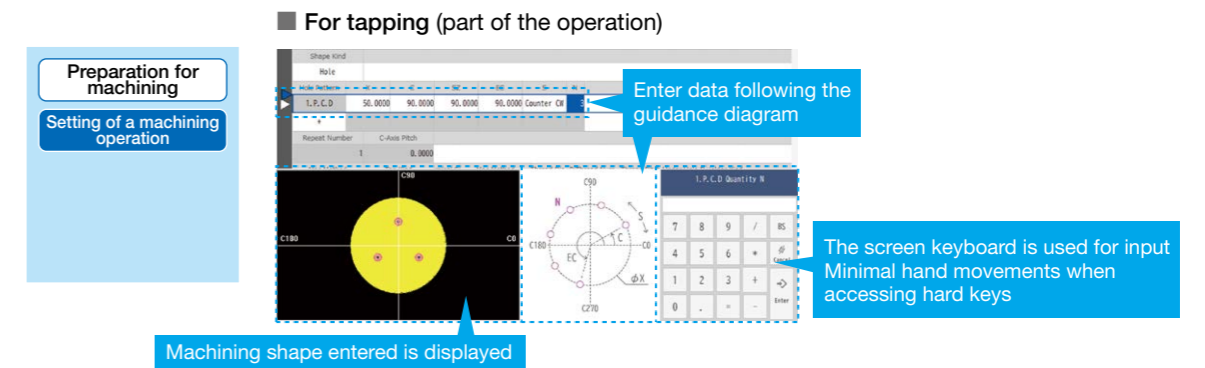


## Novice friendly Smart operation

## Innovative operability

### It's possible to speed up preparation for machining, even without knowledge of NC programs

While preparation for machining is conventionally conducted by writing GM code programs for machining settings and processes based on the drawing, this product enables the machining processes to be determined automatically, simply by following the guidance and entering drawing information.



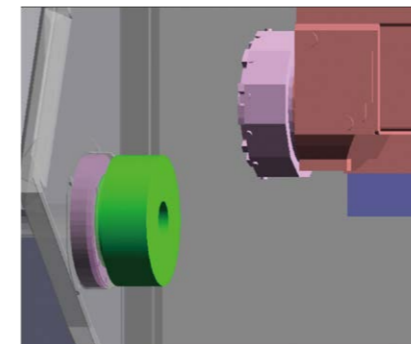
### 3D models can also be set during preparation for machining

3D models are essential for simulation. During preparation for machining on the machine, OSP-P500 can also easily set 3D models on the virtual machine in the simulator.

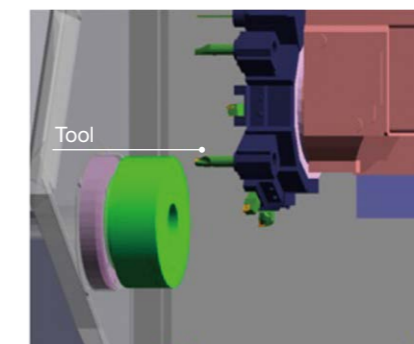
When preparation for machining is conducted according to the process schedule, models of tools and workpieces are set on the virtual machine.

### 【Work procedures】

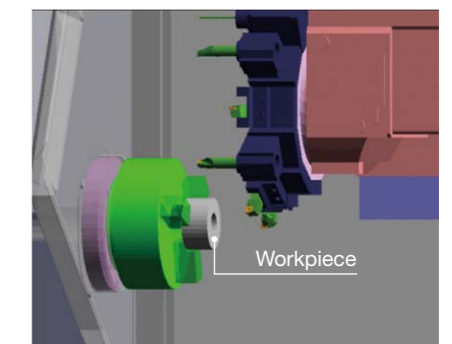
① Start of preparation for machining  
No model of workpieces or tools



② Preparation of tools  
Setting a model of the tool



③ Preparation of workpieces  
Setting a model of the workpiece



## User-friendly operation panel that pursues visibility and ease of use

Two types of operation panel are available, designed to take ease of use and machine installation space into consideration. The panels are equipped with a tilting mechanism. The 21.5-inch panel has a partial-tilt mechanism for the machine operation panel, while the whole panel can be tilted in the 15-inch version.

- The **21.5-inch** panel offers improved operability, with the operation screen displaying information on actual position and programs running, concurrently with data from the digital twin and decarbonization applications.
- The **15-inch** panel is space-saving without compromising performance and functions.



Realizing high-speed and high-accuracy machining

## Innovative machining

## Machining performance is improved with high-performance hardware and optimized software control

Improved processing capacity and response speed between control modules shorten processing time.

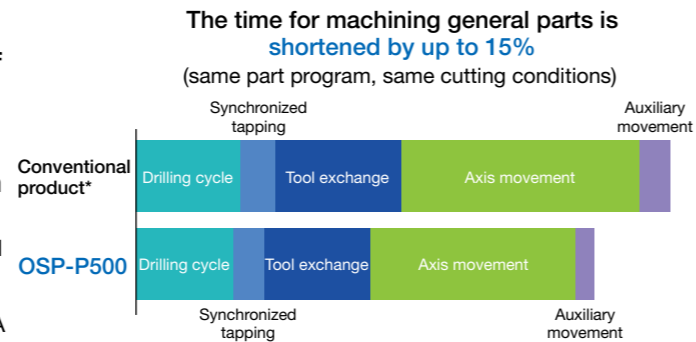
■ CNC performance is calculated at **twice** that of the conventional product\*

■ AI diagnosis is faster and more accurate

AI diagnosis takes **one-third** the time, compared with the conventional product\*

Tool breakage during processing can be detected in advance and abnormalities of main spindles and feed axes can be determined instantly.

\* OSP-P300A



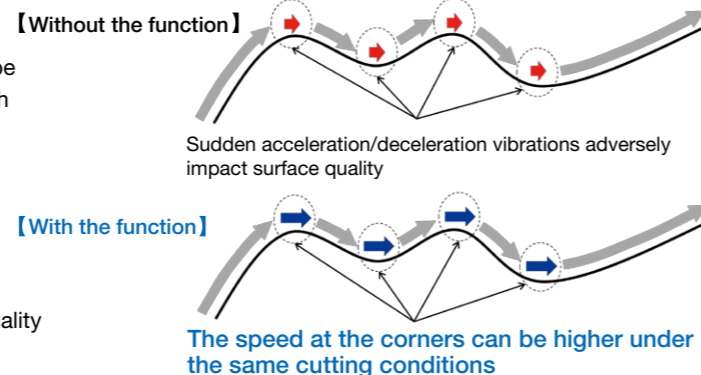
## Improving the performance of machining dies and free-form surfaces

The performance of machining dies and free-form surfaces is improved with axis control that is optimal for the machining shape based on advanced digital technology. In addition, irregular width of tool marks in shuttle machining is avoided to improve machining surface quality and also reduce machining time.

■ Finishing of die machining

[Axis control optimal for the machining shape]

- Controlling vibration without slowing down for corners
- Shortening machining time while also improving surface quality



## Reducing environmental impact

## Energy-saving solutions

### ECO suite plus

Energy-saving system that corresponds to a decarbonized society

ECO suite plus, which is autonomous energy-saving and decarbonization technology, is installed as standard. It supports the decarbonization improvement cycle with an energy-saving system that is eco-friendly while offering high accuracy and high productivity.

The system is equipped with ECO Idling Stop, which uses autonomous machine decision-making to stop operation of unnecessary units, ECO Power Monitor, which visualizes and records power consumption and carbon dioxide emissions for analysis, and ECO Operation, which optimizes the actions of the units that move during machining. In addition, carbon dioxide emissions can be verified in advance through super-fast and super-accurate simulation.

#### ECO Idling Stop

Actively stopping idling while maintaining machining accuracy, based on autonomous machine decision-making



#### ECO Operation

Expanding control to optimize each device and thereby reduce energy consumption during machining



| 項目       | 消費電力(kWh) | CO2排出量(kg) |
|----------|-----------|------------|
| 主軸回転停止時  | 14.0      | 0.6        |
| 送り軸回転停止時 | 14.0      | 0.6        |
| 全-3軸停止時  | 20.6      | 0.8        |
| 油空圧装置    | 16.4      | 0.7        |
| 軸動機1台    | 2.7       | 0.1        |
| 1台/3台    | 32.5      | 1.3        |
| 3-5台/17台 | 62.2      | 2.5        |
| 6-8台/22台 | 1.4       | 2.1        |

#### ECO Power Monitor

Real-time visualizing of power consumption of spindles and feed axes, as well as each auxiliary equipment group

| 項目       | 消費電力(kWh) | CO2排出量(kg) |
|----------|-----------|------------|
| 主軸       | 14.0      | 0.6        |
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| 1台/3台    | 32.5      | 1.3        |
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| 6-8台/22台 | 1.4       | 2.1        |

#### ECO Power Monitor

Analyzing power consumption to start an improvement cycle

## Increasing cyber resilience

## Robust security

## Protecting the operation of machines and precious assets such as part programs from cyber attacks

As digital networks develop and servers are increasingly connected to factory machines, the threat of cyber attacks increases, making it ever more important to protect against them. OSP-P500 is equipped with robust security functions for defense against and protection from cyber attacks, along with data restoration, to protect the operation of machines and precious assets such as part programs in the event of a cyber attack.

|                  |  |   |
|------------------|--|---|
| Defense          | Prevent unauthorized access and connection | Identification of operators and communications, authentication function, etc.                                 |
| Protection       | Control damage                             | Anti-virus measures based on the allowlist, functions to prevent falsification and detect abnormalities, etc. |
| Data restoration | Preparation for emergencies                | Control software and data backup function, etc.   |



### Specifications

| Name   | Description   | P500L | P500S |
|--|---|-------|-------|
| <b>Controlled axes, control systems, command units</b> |   |       |       |
| No. of machine axes                                    | Turning X-Z simultaneous: 2 axes x 1 turret, 2 axes x 2 turrets, 2 axes x 3 turrets, Milling X-Z-C (or Y) simultaneous: 3 axes x 1 turret, 3 axes x 2 turrets, 3 axes x 3 turrets, Milling X-Y-Z-B-C simultaneous: 5 axes   |       |       |
| Spindle axis   | 1 axis, 2 axes  |       |       |
| Milling spindle [M spindle] axes (M specs)             | 1 axis, 2 axes, 3 axes  |       |       |
| PLC axes   | 8 axes  |       |       |
| Loader axes  | 2 axes, 3 axes, 6 axes (3 axes + 3 axes)  |       |       |
| Max no. of axes  | 32 axes   |       |       |
| Position feedback                                      | OSP full range absolute position detection  |       |       |
| No. of control systems                                 | 1 system (1 turret), simultaneous 2 systems (2 turrets), simultaneous 3 systems (3 turrets)   |       |       |
| 2-spindle independent control                          | Each spindle executes an independent part program   |       |       |
| Y-axis control   | Straight line Y-axis, slant Y-axis  |       |       |
| Synchronized axis control                              | Two motors are synchronized to drive one axis   |       |       |
| Command/operation programmable units                   | 0.001 mm, 0.01 mm, 1 mm, 0.001°, 0.01°, 1°  |       |       |
| Min input  | 0.001 mm, 0.001°  |       |       |
| Max input  | Decimal 8 digits, ±99999.999 mm   |       |       |
| <b>Display/Operating functions</b>                     |   |       |       |
| Operation panel  | 15-inch operation panel, XGA touch screen<br>21.5-inch operation panel, Full HD touch screen<br>Operation panel tilt adjustment<br>Standard portable pulse handle (type A)<br>Portable pulse handle with function buttons (type B1)<br>Robot-adaptable portable pulse handle with function buttons (type B2)<br>Keyboard QWERTY layout<br>Keyboard ABC layout<br>Multi-touch panel operations   |       |       |
| Languages  | 19 languages available (Jpn, Eng, Ger, Fr, etc.)<br>Language switchable   |       |       |
| Smart OSP Operation                                    |   |       |       |
| [Machining process chart]                              | Machining defined and operated according to the machining process chart   |       |       |
| [Process preparation and editing]                      | Process preparation and editing guided by process chart   |       |       |
| [Process control and operation]                        | Guided control and operation guided by process chart  |       |       |
| [Process preparation and editing]                      | Automatic decision of the turning process in the machining process chart  |       |       |
| Easy Operation   | Single-mode operation<br>Setup data<br>Forming soft jaws  |       |       |
| OSP suite  | Various "suite" apps support the series of machining operations, and "suite operation" enables one-touch access to those apps   |       |       |
| Program editing  | Simultaneous edit 2 files in 1 screen<br>One-touch editing (editing of the selected part program, no need to specify file name, auto cursor movement to the block being executed)<br>Arranges sequence numbers<br>Editing programs beyond the edit buffer<br>UNDO/REDO of program editing<br>Multi-level directory  |       |       |
| File name index display                                | 2 file name indexes displayed in 1 screen<br>Display of refined indices<br>Preview of the program content   |       |       |
| Manual cutting feed                                    | Manual cutting feed on the operation panel  |       |       |
| Sequence return  | To specified sequence, auto restart from returned point<br>Mid-block sequence return<br>In the C-axis cycle for drilling equidistant holes, the sequence returns to the midway hole position and resumes automatic operation.   |       |       |
| Tool restart   | The list of tool commands on the part program is displayed with a sequence return to the designated tool command  |       |       |
| Sequence number search                                 | Machine from the specified sequence no.   |       |       |
| Manual interrupt, auto return                          | After a manual operation, auto operation restarts, with auto return to the point of interruption  |       |       |
| Library programs                                       | Registers sub-programs as library (No need to select sub-program)   |       |       |
| Parameter I/O  | Parameter file input/output, verify   |       |       |
| Relative actual position display                       | The reference position of the position currently displayed can be changed at any time.  |       |       |
| One-Touch Spreadsheet                                  | Excel® files assist machining setups  |       |       |
| Post-process workpiece gauging                         | Measures workpiece outside machine, and compensates for tool offset based on measurement results<br>Quantitative compensation method (five level, seven level)/BCD method/RS-232C method  |       |       |
| Measured data output to file                           | Measured data output to file  |       |       |
| NC Gage  | Workpiece dimensions and geometrical tolerance can be measured  |       |       |
| PLC monitor  | Maintenance work after machine shutdown is supported with ladder display, data trace, etc.  |       |       |
| <b>Programming and machining (including milling)</b>   |   |       |       |
| Threading  | Lead thread ridge designate, variable lead thread, chamfering while threading<br>Multiple threads by specifying phase difference<br>Fixed threading cycle (single cycle, multiple cycles)<br>Circular threading (Along an arc)  |       |       |
| Threading slide hold                                   | Pause for threading during fixed cycle<br>Pause for threading during non-fixed cycle  |       |       |
| Threading matching                                     | Possible to re-cut threads for threaded parts once removed  |       |       |
| Threading override                                     | Adjusts spindle overdrive while threading   |       |       |
| Auto chamfering  | Easy chamfering at a corner angle of 90° (C, R)   |       |       |
| Arbitrary angle chamfering                             | Easy chamfering at an arbitrary corner angle (C, R)   |       |       |
| Auto programming for turning (LAP 4)                   | Auto machining of cutting paths from roughing to finishing<br>Cutting path generated to match blank shapes  |       |       |
| Fixed cycle for tapers                                 | 4 patterns: ID, OD/longitudinal, axial face   |       |       |
| Groove cutting/spindle drilling cycle                  | OD, ID and axial face groove cutting cycle and cutting-off cycle<br>Drilling cycle while rotating the workpiece   |       |       |
| Spindle tapping cycle                                  | Floating tapping cycle with main spindle and Z-axis<br>Synchronized tapping cycle with main spindle and Z-axis  |       |       |
| Hole drilling fixed cycles (M specs)                   | Drilling, boring and tapping  |       |       |
| Keyway cycle (M specs)                                 | Cycle for keyway milling on workpiece sides and face  |       |       |
| Profile generation (M specs)                           | Straight-line machining and circular arc machining on workpiece sides and face  |       |       |
| Coordinate calculation (M specs)                       | Sequential coordinate values on straight line and circumference designated with single command  |       |       |
| NCYL command (M specs)                                 | Skip of cycle axis movement in fixed drilling cycles in the commanded block   |       |       |
| Coordinate change (M specs)                            | Shift, rotation and copying of the workpiece coordinate system<br>Enlarges and reduces drawings<br>X-C coordinate change: X-C axes movement is commanded on the X-Y coordinate  |       |       |
| User Task  | IF/THEN, DO/WHILE, GOTO (variables) statement, etc.<br>Arithmetic operations, functional operations, logical operations, inverse trigonometric functions<br>Common variables (Standard: 200 sets)<br>Common variables: 1,000 sets<br>Local variables, system variables, sub-programs<br>GM code macros (G-codes: 20 sets, M-codes: 20 sets)<br>READ/WRITE/GET/PUT<br>Input/output variables (24 points each)  |       |       |
| Block skip   | Use soft on/off keys on screen to skip execution of a part program (number of sets: 1)<br>Block skip 9 sets   |       |       |
| Program messages                                       | To show notes in part program screens   |       |       |
| Home position  | Home position for positioning at set parameters<br>Users: 64 sets, System: 192 sets   |       |       |
| Helical cutting (M specs)                              | Circular interpolation + helical axis interpolation (including multiple command macros)<br>Generated helical cutting with XC + Z axes (including multiple command macros)   |       |       |
| B-axis slope machining                                 | Easy programming of slope machining with the B-axis tilted  |       |       |
| Slope machining  | Type I: Parallel and rotational movements of the X-Y-Z coordinate system are used to define the coordinate system along the slope of the workpiece and the part program is executed<br>Type II: Various definition methods are used to define the coordinate system along the slope of the workpiece and the part program is executed<br>The spindle is automatically indexed so the slope coordinate system Z-axis and the tool axis match direction |       |       |
| Fixture offset   | The program coordinate is offset according to the C-axis angle  |       |       |
| Oriented spindle stop                                  | Program command for the stop position   |       |       |
| Harmonic Spindle                                       | The spindle speed is periodically changed to avoid chatter during the cutting of large-diameter thin workpieces or small-diameter long workpieces   |       |       |
| Speed Control  | The M spindle speed is periodically changed to avoid chatter during cutting   |       |       |
| Tool grooving (M specs)                                | Helical operation with synchronization of two axes consisting of a plane (XY, ZX, YZ) and the M spindle   |       |       |
| Turn-Cut (M specs)                                     | Turning with the synchronization of X-Y axes circular movement and M spindle rotation (also possible on a slope)  |       |       |
| Flat Turning (M specs)                                 | Flat turning with synchronized rotation of the spindle and the M spindle  |       |       |
| Dynamic tilt turning                                   | Turning with simultaneous control of 3 axes including the B-axis  |       |       |
| Y-axis turning   | Cut-off processing with feed in the Y-axis direction (a specialized tool is required)   |       |       |
| Gear Machining Package (M specs)                       | Gear programming (interactive programming)<br>Gear cutting function   |       |       |
| Hob machining (M specs)                                | Hob machining with synchronized rotation of the spindle and the M spindle   |       |       |
| Cutting step feed                                      | Dwelling during cutting to cut chips  |       |       |
| Inverse time feed                                      | Feed rate command with cutting time   |       |       |
| Synchronized C-axis control (M specs)                  | C-axis control for machining with the workpiece chucked with both main and sub spindles   |       |       |
| A/B synchronized turret feed                           | Simultaneous machining with A/B saddle  |       |       |
| Z-W overlap function                                   | Of workpiece on L/R spindles with single turret   |       |       |
| Auto C-axis clamping/unclamping (M specs)              | Auto C-axis clamping/un-clamping according to presence or absence of C-axis command   |       |       |
| X-axis radius command for turning                      | Radius commands can be used for the X-axis during turning   |       |       |
| Spindle phase synchronizing                            | During spindle rotation, highly accurate workpiece transfer between spindles  |       |       |
| Spindle dead-slow cut                                  | Extremely slow spindle speed cutting  |       |       |
| Spindle S command 0.1 min <sup>-1</sup>                | Spindle speed command S unit 0.1 min <sup>-1</sup>  |       |       |
| <b>Interactive programming</b>                         |   |       |       |
| Advanced One-Touch IGF-L                               | With the entry of a unicursal turning shape, the machining method is automatically decided<br>Realistic 3D simulated test cuts<br>Slope machining (available only for slope machining specs)  |       |       |

| Name   | Description  | P500L | P500S |
|--|--|-------|-------|
| <b>Tool management</b>   |  |       |       |
| Tool information management  |  |       |       |
| [Tool information management]  | Compensation, life management, shape data, etc. are collectively managed for each tool (1,000 tools can be registered)   |       |       |
| [Tool command (TD command)]  | Tool indexing and tool compensation commands based on tool information management are available  |       |       |
| Tool compensation  | Number of comp sets: 20 sets for each of the registered tools (up to 1,000 tools)<br>Number of comp sets: 2 sets for each of the registered tools (up to 1,000 tools)<br>However, the maximum number of total sets (standard) is 32<br>Maximum number of total sets (additional): 96/999   |       |       |
| Y-axis center height offset  | Misalignment in the Y-axis direction is set in Y-axis tool offset for machining with compensation  |       |       |
| Tool life management   | The number of workpieces or cutting time is accumulated and when the set value is reached, a spare tool is automatically indexed; Life data of each tool are displayed as graphs<br>Prior notice of tool life  |       |       |
| Tool compensation for multi control system   | Controls reference for spindles 1 and 2 and orthogonal position compensation   |       |       |
| Multi insert tool  | Management of tools with multi-edge inserts in a single holder (4, 8, 12 edge multi insert tools)  |       |       |
| Multiple simultaneous tool management  | Up to 8 cutting edges can be attached to each station of the turret, and tools for each cutting edge can be separately managed.  |       |       |
| Turret intermediate indexing   | The turret is indexed midway between adjacent stations to allow expansion of the number of attached tools  |       |       |
| Double tooling   | 2-tool load management for each turret station   |       |       |
| <b>Program capacity, program operation</b>   |  |       |       |
| Program storage capacity   | 4 GB (includes setup data)   |       |       |
| Operation buffer   | Standard: 2 Mbyte<br>Expanded: 10 Mbyte  |       |       |
| Scheduled programs   | Scheduled operation in a specified execution order of multiple programs  |       |       |
| <b>High-speed/high-accuracy functions</b>  |  |       |       |
| Hi-G control   | Positioning acceleration/deceleration conforming to motor's speed/torque characteristics   |       |       |
| Hi Cut Pro   | High-speed, high-accuracy machining with speed control and acceleration control suitable for parts machining   |       |       |
| Hyper-Surface II (3 linear axes) (3 linear axes + 2 rotary axes)                   | High-speed, high-accuracy and high-quality machining with a shape smoothing function and shape adaptive acceleration control suitable for curved surface machining<br>Selecting the intended use (workpiece type) and the process (roughing, semi-finishing, finishing), means the optimal machining parameters are automatically selected<br>At the time of roughing, acceleration/deceleration at a corner is optimized to achieve both tolerance and machining time reduction<br>SMART finishing<br>During finishing, both machining time reduction and high-quality machining are achieved with the control of deceleration at corners and of acceleration/deceleration vibration<br>Surface quality-oriented correction of program command points |       |       |
| 5-axis machining   | NC B-axis<br>Hyper-Surface II (3 linear axes + 2 rotary axes)<br>Tool Center Point Control II (includes tool tilt compensation)<br>Tool posture command<br>Cutting point command   |       |       |
| Cycle time reduction   | Operation time reduction<br>Machining time reduction, easy parameter setting<br>Chuck open/close and auto tailstock advance/retraction during spindle rotation   |       |       |
| 0.1 μm control   | 0.1 μm command increments  |       |       |
| AbsoScale detection  | X-, Z-, Y-axis   |       |       |
| Pitch error compensation   | X-Y-Z and C-axis pitch error compensation  |       |       |
| Straightness compensation  | Compensation of orthogonal axis straightness   |       |       |
| Thermo-Friendly Concept  | [TAS-S (spindle)]<br>[TAS-C (construction)]  |       |       |
| 5-Axis Auto Tuning System  | Gauging and compensation of geometric error in 5-sided machining applications  |       |       |
| Dynamic displacement compensation  | Dynamic displacement during acceleration/deceleration is compensated for, to improve machining accuracy  |       |       |
| <b>Monitoring, adaptive control</b>  |  |       |       |
| Collision Avoidance System (Units and actions to prevent interference are limited) | Interference during automatic, MDI and manual operations is prevented<br>Easy modeling of shape data<br>Simultaneous movement with Hyper-Surface II and Tool Center Point Control II   |       |       |
| Quick modeling   | Easy preparation of 3D models of tools, jigs and workpieces<br>Supply of affluent 3D model data<br>Easy creation of a machine digital twin environment   |       |       |
| Real 3D simulation   | Real time simulation of all machining modes (auto, MDI, manual operation)<br>With 2D simulation  |       |       |
| Virtual Processing   | Pre-machining preparation is more efficient with a digital twin<br>Machining trajectory, scraping<br>High-speed, high-precision machining time estimation<br>Power consumption (carbon dioxide emissions) estimation   |       |       |
| Load monitor   | CNC monitors and displays load conditions of feed axis and spindle in a graph (machining stops when overloaded)<br>No-load detection, part number expansion, workpiece ejection detection  |       |       |
| Cutting Status Monitor   | To reduce machining failure, spindle and feed axis loads are monitored to trigger an alarm, pause operations, and/or trigger evacuation operations.  |       |       |
| Machine Status Logger  | Commands, operations and spindle and feed axis loads are recorded to increase, analyze and improve machining traceability  |       |       |

| Name   | Description   | P500L | P500S |
|--|---|-------|-------|
| <b>Monitoring, adaptive control</b>              |   |       |       |
| Maintenance suite                                |   |       |       |
| [Maintenance Monitor]                            | The plans, implementation schedules and history of regular maintenance items and daily inspection items are managed   |       |       |
| [Collection of log data for maintenance]         | Operation history (MMPBU), detection of spindle collisions (CLDT), data on change over time (S-LOG, A-LOG), machine diagnosis data (D-LOG)  |       |       |
| [AI Machine Diagnosis]                           | AI-based spindle, M spindle and feed axis diagnostics   |       |       |
| [Servo diagnosis]                                | Abnormalities of the servo system (drive unit, encoder, motor) are diagnosed to support cause analysis  |       |       |
| Machining Navi M-i                               | Based on chatter vibration during milling, the M spindle speed is automatically optimized to stabilize machining  |       |       |
| Machining Navi M-gII, M-gII+                     | Chatter sound during milling is visualized to help automatically select the optimal M spindle speed for stable machining  |       |       |
| Machining Navi L-gII                             | Search function for selecting the cutting conditions that best prevent chatter during turning   |       |       |
| Machining Navi T-g                               | Search function for selecting the cutting conditions that best prevent chatter during threading   |       |       |
| SERVONAVI AI                                     | Workpiece weight auto setting, spindle inertia auto setting   |       |       |
| SERVONAVI SF                                     | Reversal Spike Auto Adjustment, Vibration Auto Adjustment   |       |       |
| NC operation monitor                             | NC hour meters for NC start, spindle rotation, cutting, etc. and 4 NC workpiece counters  |       |       |
| Workpiece counters                               | [Count only], [Cycle stop when the full count is reached], [Start is disabled when the full count is reached]   |       |       |
| Hour meter on machine                            | The power ON time, spindle rotation time and NC running time are counted  |       |       |
| Operation end buzzer                             | A buzzer goes off at M02/M30 and M00/M01 and also when an alarm is generated  |       |       |
| Status indicator                                 | NC running lamp, alarm lamp, machining end lamp   |       |       |
| Cycle time over check                            | An alarm goes off and the operation stops when the prescribed cycle time is exceeded  |       |       |
| Feed axis retraction                             | Pull back in axial direction during power failures  |       |       |
| <b>Measuring</b>                                 |   |       |       |
| Cutting edge gauging                             | Touch Setter M, Touch Setter A  |       |       |
| Tool breakage detection                          | Tool breakage is automatically detected with Touch Setter gauging   |       |       |
| Tool breakage detection                          | The sensor attached to the top of the spindle detects milling tool breakage   |       |       |
| In-process workpiece gauging                     | Auto zero offset using a standard ring<br>Workpieces are automatically gauged to compensate tool offset, Z-axis zero offset and C-axis zero offset  |       |       |
| In-process workpiece gauging Y-axis gauging      | Workpieces are automatically gauged to compensate Y-axis zero offset, tool offset and tool diameter   |       |       |
| Y-axis slope gauging                             | Workpieces are automatically gauged in the slope coordinate system to compensate tool offset and tool diameter and set measurements as variables  |       |       |
| In-process workpiece gauging 3-point gauging     | The cylinder outer diameter and hole inner diameter are gauged at three points to calculate diameters and central positions and set them as variables   |       |       |
| <b>Energy-saving functions</b>                   |   |       |       |
| ECO suite plus                                   | ECO Idling Stop, ECO Operation<br>ECO Power Monitor (on machine watt meter is optional)<br>External output interface of consumed electricity<br>Oil temperature controller auto control<br>Spindle Power Peak Limiter |       |       |
| <b>Machining management</b>                      |   |       |       |
| MacMan plus                                      | Aggregation and display of machining records, operating records, operating history and trouble information<br>Records, trouble info file output   |       |       |
| <b>Automation/unattended operation functions</b> |   |       |       |
| Auto power shutoff                               | Power is automatically turned off when machining is completed or an alarm is generated  |       |       |
| External program                                 | Push button, rotary switch, digital switch, BCD   |       |       |
| Connection with automated devices                | Robot loader I/F, bar feeder I/F, FMS link I/F  |       |       |
| <b>Networking</b>                                |   |       |       |
| External I/O communication                       | Ethernet (1,000 Mbps), USB 3.0 interface 2 ch<br>RS-232C interface (for OSP only) 1CH to 4CH<br>Connected to host and other machines using FL-net and Ethernet/IP   |       |       |
| DNC-T1   | Ethernet part program transfers   |       |       |
| DNC-DT   | Remote operation using Ethernet: part programs are downloaded from PCs for the machining operation  |       |       |
| Smart I/F  | I/F for Connect Plan<br>Connect Plan: production control system produced by Okuma   |       |       |
| DNC-T3   | I/F for MacMan-net<br>MacMan-net: production control system produced by Okuma   |       |       |
| DNC-C/Ethernet                                   | Host and FMS link via Ethernet  |       |       |
| OSP API KIT                                      | API for Windows®-based application development  |       |       |
| OSP-MTConnect                                    | MTConnect I/F for production management systems produced by other companies   |       |       |
| OPC UA for Machine Tools                         | Communication specification for machine tools compatible with OPC UA communication<br>Compatible with Ver. 1.00 specifications and essential functions  |       |       |
| <b>Pocket manual functions</b>                   |   |       |       |
| Online help                                      | Programming help, operation help, alarm help  |       |       |
| <b>Other functions</b>                           |   |       |       |
| Earth leakage circuit breaker                    | Power shutoff with the detection of earth leakage   |       |       |
| External M signals                               | [2 sets, 4 sets, 8 sets, 16 sets]   |       |       |
| <b>Security</b>                                  |   |       |       |
| Operator authentication                          | User management and restrictions on machine operation based on ID and password  |       |       |
| Lock screen                                      | Restrictions on machine operation after the machine has been out of use for a long time   |       |       |
| OSP-VPS II                                       | Allowlist-based virus protection system (STD)<br>Allowlist-based virus protection system (EX)   |       |       |



When using Okuma products, always read the safety precautions mentioned in the instruction manual and attached to the product.

● The specifications, illustrations, and descriptions in this brochure vary in different markets and are subject to change without notice.  
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This product is subject to the Japanese government Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Control Act with regard to security controlled items; whereby Okuma Corporation should be notified prior to its shipment to another country.



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